

BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH.

VOLUME 7, No. 30

BRAINERD, MINN., MONDAY, JULY 8, 1907

PRICE TWO CENTS

WRECKED ON ROCKS

River Steamer Sinks and Six Persons Are Drowned.

JUMPED INTO THE WATER

But Few of the Excited Passengers Perished, Most of the People Saving Themselves by Climbing Up on the Rocks.

Seattle, Wash., July 8.—Six lives were lost when the Hudson Bay steamer Mount Royal was wrecked on the rocks in Kitselas canyon on Skena river, sinking in less than five minutes afterwards. Many of the fifty-four excited passengers jumped into the water, but few were drowned, most of the people saving themselves by clambering on the rocks of Ring-bolt island.

The steamer was below Hazelton when the accident occurred, passing through a narrow canyon, which can be run only at certain stages of water, where the strong current carries river boats three-quarters of a mile in a minute and a half. The port quarter crashed against the rocky wall and the stern swung around and was battered against the opposite wall for the boat was longer than the canyon was wide. The big vessel heeled over with the weight of water and sank rapidly.

The Mount Royal was built at Victoria, B. C., in 1902. She was 130 feet long, 25 feet wide. She was commanded by Captain Stewart B. John-

RIOT IN NEW YORK CITY

Incited by a Pail of Water Thrown Upon Italian Boys.

New York, July 8.—A pail of water thrown from an upper window upon the heads of a group of Italian boys who had disturbed the Sunday quiet of a colored woman, incited a riot on "San Juan Hill" that landed five men, one dying, in the hospitals, made several men prisoners and terrified the peaceably inclined among the 10,000 persons of all nationalities who reside in West Sixty-first and West Sixty-second streets.

A good share of the Italians of the section were on one side and on the other colored neighbors were involved while the hoodlums of all races seized the opportunity to attack each other.

While the battle raged in the street less adventuresome rioters went to the tenements and showered bricks and chunks of coping and flower pots upon the heads of those below. It took the police reserves of four precincts two hours to beat the combatants into submission.

The police are searching for the body of a man reported to have been shot to death. According to police informants a negro dressed in the uniform of the United States navy was seen to fire twelve shots from a pair of heavy revolvers into the body of a white man.

Wealthy Manufacturer Killed.

Keyport, N. J., July 8.—Christopher Horndt, a wealthy silk manufacturer of Paterson, was killed and other members of his family were injured when a locomotive struck and demolished an automobile in which the party was returning home from Asbury Park.

Nebraska Town Wrecked.

Polk, Neb., July 8.—This little town, founded last September, was badly wrecked by combined wind and hailstorms. Business buildings were demolished or damaged and crops over a considerable distance ruined. The Baptist church was wrecked.

Important Role In Health

It cannot be denied that the food we eat plays an important role in health. Foods that possess great nourishing power and other properties which are essential to health are the ones to be selected for our daily diet.

DR. PRICE'S WHEAT FLAKE CELERY FOOD

is the proper food for all classes as it contains the essential elements for the support of life and maintenance of health that is found in wheat.

Palatable—Nutritious—Easy of Digestion and Ready to Eat

Can be served hot. Put in hot oven for a few minutes; or cook in boiling milk.

My Signature on every package

Dr. W. C. Price

All Grocers

WAR IS INEVITABLE.

That is the Opinion of German Strategists.

Berlin, July 8.—The conviction of an ultimate conflict between Japan and the United States appears to be widespread in Germany. The newspapers agree that President Roosevelt is earnestly trying to satisfy the Japanese requests. They agree also that Japan asks nothing unreasonable. They recognize that the difficulty lies in the question of race, the economic opposition of the Californians against the Japanese and the constitutional impossibility of federal coercion. It is considered that many groups of ruling statesmen in Japan are preparing to fight the United States for mastery of the Pacific regardless of the outcome of the present trouble. The strategists regard a war between the United States and Japan as the most interesting problem of the present day. Carefully considered projects which have been worked out are unfavorable to the United States, because the American fleet, although more powerful than that of Japan, would have to seek a fight in Japanese waters.

TARS NOT PATRIOTIC.

Jap Admiral Says Crews Would Desert in Event of War.

Tokio, July 8.—The Hochi prints an interview with Admiral Sakamoto in which the admiral is quoted as follows:

"Should hostilities break out between Japan and America the result would be indecisive owing to a want of proper bases of operation. Such bases as exist are too distant for practical purposes. Even the nearest bases, namely the Pescadores, Cavite and Manila, are at a distance of 600 miles from one another. Even if the Washington government should decide on a war it is doubtful if the Americans serving in the navy are sufficiently patriotic to fight.

"American naval officers are brilliant figures at balls and social gatherings, but they are very deficient in professional training and practice. It is too much to expect a burning patriotism in the American naval service in case of war with Japan. It is very likely that most of the crews would desert and leave the ships."

Causes Surprise in Japan.

Tokio, July 8.—Confirmation of the report that a powerful battleship squadron would be sent to the Pacific has been generally received with calmness, though there is some surprise in certain quarters well versed in diplomatic niceties.

A LOST CONTRACT.

The Little Thing That May Sometimes Prevent a Sale.

A pen once lost me an order. I had just worked up the executive of a large concern into a desire to buy. I had my contract form lying on his desk with my finger on the dotted line. He reached over toward his pen rack, took off a pen and plunged it into the ink well. He turned to me with a frown on his face—the well was empty.

I was ready with a fountain pen. The pen was uncapped. I handed it to him. He started to write. The ink would not flow. I took it and shook it. Again he made the attempt, with no result.

"I will get one," he said. So he stepped into the other room. Evidently some one stopped him with a question, for he did not come back for three minutes. Then he stood at his desk. He looked down at the contract.

"I believe I had better think this matter over again," he said. And all the talk I put up could not budge him.

I had lost a sale because my fountain pen was empty. Now, one of my regular morning duties, week in and week out, just as regular as my shave and my checking over of calls to be made and the marking out of my expense account, is filling my fountain pen.—James N. Bowen in System.

DEFENSE OF HAYWOOD

Will Be a General Denial of Orchard's Allegations.

PLANS ARE ALL COMPLETED

Attorneys for the Defense Have Determined Upon What Course They Will Pursue—Accused Man Will Testify.

Boise, Ida., July 8.—The attorneys for William D. Haywood have completed the details of their plans for the final week of the defense. Interest in the trial now centers in the forthcoming appearance upon the stand of Haywood, who it is claimed has been the moving force in the Western Federation of Miners for the past several years, and of one of his co-defendants, Charles Moyer, president of the miners' organization. The third defendant in the famous case, George A. Pettibone, will not take the stand.

Steve Adams, whose recent trial for the murder of a man in Northern Idaho resulted in a disagreement of the jury and who has been variously implicated by Harry Orchard in many of the latter's crimes, is still in the Boise jail available as a witness for the defense, but it has been definitely decided that he will not be called. The prosecution still claims it would welcome such a move, as the appearance of Adams on the stand might open the way for the introduction of a portion at least of Adams' reputed confession.

Haywood's testimony as to his connection with the Western Federation of Miners will be interspersed with much documentary evidence and the introduction of this will take up much time. The defense expresses its willingness that the cross-examination of Haywood shall take the widest possible range. The defendant it is said will not only deny in toto all that Orchard has said as to his connection with crimes, but will offer an explanation of the instances where the state has associated Orchard and Haywood, notably the instance of Haywood's part in the deception of the second Mrs. Orchard as to the whereabouts of her husband in the summer of 1905.

Haywood will also be called to explain the sending of several drafts to Jack Simpkins, a member of the executive board and an organizer for the Western Federation, whose presence in Caldwell with Orchard just prior to the assassination of Former Governor Steunenberg has not been denied by the defense.

The attorneys for the federation say that these payments were the regular sums due Simpkins for his work as an organizer and had absolutely nothing to do with any crime.

The fourth instance to which the state attaches importance as tending to connect Haywood with the alleged conspiracy as revealed by Harry Orchard was the sending of a message by Haywood to Silver City, Ida., instructing the federation officers there to see that attorneys were engaged for Orchard and to protect the interests of the miners' union.

WITH A LIGHTED CANDLE

Three Men Searched for Gas Leak and Found It.

Plattsmouth, Neb., July 8.—A. S. Grassman was instantly killed and E. O. Wurl was seriously injured by an explosion of gas in the basement of the building occupied by them as a grocery store.

The two men with Fred McCauley were searching for the leak with a lighted candle. The explosion set fire to the building and before the fire department could extinguish the flames two other explosions practically demolished the structure. The body of Grassman has not yet been recovered. The loss is about \$25,000.

An Unexpected Shot.

"My dear," said the caller, with a smile, to the little girl who occupied the study while her father, an eminent literary man, was at dinner, "I suppose you assist your father by entertaining the bores."

"Yes," replied the little girl gravely "Please be seated."—Judge.

His Work.

"What," asked the man who is always preaching, "have you ever done to make this a brighter world?"

"I've done a lot in that line, stranger," said the one with the large, rough hands. "I'm a barn painter by trade, and I generally paint 'em red"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Dreyfus Will Retire.

Paris, July 8.—It is stated in military circles that Major Alfred Dreyfus, the former captain of artillery who was sentenced on a charge of treason to imprisonment on Devil's Island, is shortly to retire from the army, accepting a pension.

A prudent haste is wisdom's leisure.—Italian Proverb.

Our Fire Sale

Our basement was flooded during the recent Sleeper block fire and soiled a quantity of materials in our Bargain Basement. These articles are, for the most part, winter materials. We have satisfactorily adjusted our loss with the insurance companies and will now place these materials on sale at prices that will make even winter goods look good on the warmest day. We prefer to effect a rapid clearance at this time by making unusual prices the carrying this stock into the winter season.

Better come at once and save money.

Underwear Bargains

A large quantity of underwear was soiled—not burned, or even smoked—but it got wet. We have dried it out thoroughly and it will now sell as follows:

\$4.00 all wool union suits	\$1.98
\$3.00 all wool union suits	\$1.49
\$1.00 ladies underwear 59c and	69c
50c ladies underwear 24c to .	32c
30c ladies underwear at but .	19c

Children's underwear—big reductions

Wool Hosiery

A large amount of children's hosiery was soiled. This was regular 25c kind. We offer this at a rapid clearance at 15c.

Wrappers

The wrappers hung on a rack and about 6 inches of the skirts were water-soaked. The \$2.00 will sell for \$1.19 and the \$1.00 qualities at but .

Besides the articles priced we have a large amount of remnants, furs, white waists, white night gowns, baby's caps, and dress goods that were soiled by the water. These are of a varied lot but all will be priced to insure rapid selling.

H. F. Michael Co.

MUST OPEN THE ELEVATORS

Wisconsin Commission Issues Order to Railroads.

Madison, Wis., July 8.—The Wisconsin railroad commission has issued an order requiring the Great Northern and the Eastern Railroad companies of Minnesota and the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railroad companies to open their big grain elevators at Superior to the use of the general public.

If the order stands and is not overruled by the courts, it will, it is believed, re-establish the grain business in Superior on the basis of two years ago, when the railroad companies in order to get around the Wisconsin grain inspection law leased their elevators to private parties, thus practically closing them to the public use and putting the independent grain dealers out of business.

In addition to requiring them to throw their elevators open to public use the order also provides that they shall not charge more than they did in the fall of 1904 for similar service.

The complainant in the case was the Superior Board of Trade by its president, H. T. Fowler, and Secretary E. N. Lent. The case grew out of the controversy over the inspection of grain at the Head of the Great Lakes. The legislature two years passed a law creating the Wisconsin grain and warehouse commission and providing for inspection of grain by it. The railroads theretofore had their grain inspected at Sandstone, Minn., before it came into Wisconsin for storage in elevators.

STATE REGALIA STOLEN.

Jewels Valued at \$250,000 Taken From Dublin Castle.

Dublin, July 8.—A portion of the state regalia valued at \$250,000 has been stolen from Dublin castle. The safe in which the regalia was kept was forced. The jewels stolen were those used in the ceremony of investiture in the Order of St. Patrick, the processional cross studded with diamonds and the jeweled sword which is borne in procession at the investiture of the Knights.

Lord Castletown, Knight of St. Patrick, was to have been chief of the state ceremony on the visit of King Edward to Dublin, but it is officially announced that the ceremony will be postponed. Sensational developments are expected.

Swans Defeat a Fox.

A correspondent of the Colwyn Bay Herald describes a fierce fight between a fox and a number of swans. The fox, after hiding for awhile among some reeds, boldly swam toward a number of swans. The latter were on the alert, however, and when within a yard the biggest bird attacked him with wing and beak, entirely submerging him for two or three seconds. Nothing daunted, the fox made a final attack, but ignominious defeat awaited him, as all the swans arrayed themselves in single file and made a desperate attack on their assailant, which eventually landed at the south side of the lake, his blood covering the feet of leather at the far end. The swans appeared to have sustained no injury whatever.

They Disagreed.

"These fellows were fighting," said the policeman.

"Your honor," began one of the prisoners, "I beg of you not to accept so crude a misconception of our acts. Doubtless you have heard of a 'gentleman's agreement'?"

"Certainly."

"Well, we had one, but it had progressed to the stage where it became a 'gentleman's disagreement'."

Yet was the judge deaf to reason.—Philadelphia Ledger.

THE BLIND OF CAIRO.

To Be Found Everywhere in the Shops and on the Streets.

The first thing that impresses the stranger in Cairo is the number of blind—men, women and children—to be found everywhere in the shops and on the streets. Ophthalmia is very prevalent throughout Egypt. Because of superstition concerning "the evil eye" the native mothers of the middle or the lower class do not wash the eyes of their babies at all. Watching the flies buzzing unheeded around and upon these blind children, a stranger hastens to buy a fly whisk. These are for sale everywhere and are quite attractive with their ornaments of fancy beads and palm leaf fiber. Blind beggars greet one at every corner. Even in the high class Egyptian families there are many blind. The lower classes of Egyptians are given much to hasheesh—that is, the lower classes in the large cities—and, although it is against the law to sell it, one will have the hasheesh places pointed out, and the men who smoke the drug are seen everywhere. They are distinguished by the peculiar appearance of their eyes, which become red, swollen and baggy underneath, and by the peculiar color of the skin, which resembles somewhat the skin of a Chinese opium smoker.—Harriet Quimby in Leslie's Weekly.

Last Week's China and Glassware Sale a Marvelous Success—Continued this week

6 cups and saucers 35c

6 dinner plates 35c

6 pie plates 35c

6 polished glass tumblers 15c

Fancy gilded cuspids 10c

Fancy glass vases 10c and 5c

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THE DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Month.....Forty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance, Four Dollars

Entered at the post-office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.



MONDAY, JULY 8, 1907

The Weather

Forecast—Fair tonight and Tuesday; cooler tonight.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES.

Charles Adams, of Deerwood was in city today on business.

Mrs. J. H. Hallett went to St. Cloud this morning to visit friends.

W. H. Strachan went to Big Falls this afternoon in his private car.

King sells the tackle that gets the big ones. 23tf

Miss Nellie Wolfert returned last night after a week's visit at Duluth.

Mrs. Fred Wilkins and children went to Lennox this morning to visit friends.

Mrs. F. O. Young returned to Crow Wing this morning after visiting friends in this city.

Walter Hudson returned from Duluth last night, after spending the Fourth with relatives.

Card tables and folding chairs for rent at D. M. Clark & Co. 185tf

Isaac Preston returned last night from Superior, where he has been visiting his parents.

J. J. Irwin and family returned to Minneapolis today after visiting at the home of J. M. Quinn.

Mrs. J. G. Potter, of Miles City, Mont., returned home today after visiting friends in this city.

Order your awnings from D. M. Clark & Co. 235tf

John Oberg, of Deerwood, was in the city today on his way north on business.

O. G. Graham and family left today for Minot, N. D.; where they will make their future home.

Arthur Witham went to Muscoda today after spending the Fourth with his parents in this city.

Rev. A. M. Danielson and family left today for Langford, S. D., where they will make their future home.

A. Marks has 22 head of western horses and mares that must be sold at once. Ask him for particulars.

Wood for sale. \$3.00 per cord—at the mill—good sawed wood—full cords. Wood & Polk. 27tf

Elmer Forsberg returned yesterday from Superior and Duluth, where he spent the Fourth with friends.

Will Falkenreck returned from Duluth last night after spending Saturday and Sunday there sight seeing.

Rent a 22 Rifle at King's. 23tf

Pawnee Bill's car No. 4 that went to Bemidji Saturday passed through the city today on its way to Little Falls.

Miss Selma Anderson, of Southeast Brainerd, returned from Superior last night after a few days visit with friends.

Quality—yes, high quality—there is nothing better at any price in a pure, wholesome baking powder than Hunt's Perfect.

Mrs. Caroline Zierke and son, of Glencoe, returned home today after visiting at the home of H. C. Zierke and other relatives.

Miss Esther Jostram, of St. Croix Falls, Wis., returned to her home today after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Yost.

Lawn mowers repaired at Hoffman's. 1tf

Miss Evelyn Storm returned Sunday from several weeks visit at Duluth. She was accompanied by her cousin, Miss Grace Sundley.

Ed. McKay came down from Smiley today and will return tomorrow. He is looking and feeling much better than when he went up there.

Reinhart Dahmen, of Valley City, left this morning after spending the summer with his family who are spending the summer with relatives in Dykemar.

D. M. Clark & Co., largest installation house in the city. Goods sold on easy terms. 233tf

Twenty-two head of young western horses and mares must be sold at once. Some broken, some unbroken. Weight 1000 to 1600. A. Marks. 30tf

Miss Mabel McPherson went to Minneapolis this morning to resume her studies in commercial school after spending the Fourth with relatives in this city.

Misses Edith and Fanny Gatten returned from Duluth and Superior, where they have been visiting friends and relatives for the past week, bringing with them an uncle.

Mrs. P. O. Forsberg received word that a niece had been drowned Friday at Glyndon, Minn. She was about eighteen years old and was in company with a gentleman friend boat riding when both were drowned.

See those weedless Bass Hooks at King's. Sure things. 23tf

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Eastman and Mr. and Mrs. M. K. Swartz have been spending a short time at Bay lake. The former couple returned yesterday and the latter are expected today or tomorrow.

Charles Erickson, of THE DISPATCH force is back to work again today after a month's lay off, caused by an attack of pneumonia. Charlie is a general favorite and the force are all glad to see him back.

Forbids Her Engaging in War With the United States.

Wanted: A live energetic man as general agent for a conservative, up-to-date Life Insurance Co. for this or other territory in the state. Apply to Taylor & Hamilton, managers, 704 Guaranty Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn. 306

Wood for sale. \$3.00 per cord—at the mill—good sawed wood—full cords. Wood & Polk. 27tf

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Ernest Persson, of Dykeman, and Sylvia Warren, of Vineland, were united in marriage at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Warren, of Vineland, Wednesday, June 3, 1907. They will make their future home on the farm of the groom at Dykeman.

Leo and Mrs. White, of Marceline, Mo., arrived yesterday for a two months visit with Mr. and Mrs. C. B. White and other relatives. Leo has been firing on the Santa Fe for two years without a lay off and he and his wife will remain here about two months, putting in a portion of their time at the summer cottage on Gull lake.

A. C. N. Parker has been at work tearing down the store building on North Broadway, formerly occupied by the Grand Union Tea company. The barn in the rear will also be torn down and will erect a couple of wood sheds for the dwelling houses on the lots. The balance of the material will be hauled to Parkerville for use there.

Bicycles repaired at Hoffman's. 1tf

Store your stoves and household goods with D. M. Clark & Co.

SITUATION IS DELICATE.

Such is the Conclusion of Sensational French Papers.

Paris, July 8.—President Roosevelt's decision to dispatch a fleet of warships to the Pacific has led the more sensational newspapers in France to jump at the conclusion that the situation is more delicate than appears on the surface. This view, however, is absolutely repudiated in responsible circles, where the utmost confidence is expressed that existing or future differences between the United States and Japan will be amicably adjusted.

Nevertheless the possibility of complications was foreseen when France two months ago in a spirit of friendship tendered her good offices with a view to having Japan and the United States conclude an arrangement covering all questions relating to the Pacific.

In military circles, where the situation is regarded from a different standpoint, the dispatch of battle ships is considered an elementary measure of prudence on the ground that strategically it will protect the United States against being caught napping and diplomatically it will force Japan's hand if that nation harbors aggressive designs.

A significant feature of the French comment is that the possibility of trouble occurring is considered only from the side of Japan. The Soleil regards the San Francisco incidents as a mere cloak to the real issue, which, which, it thinks, may be traced to the determination of Japan to enforce her commercial supremacy in China and the Pacific.

"For Japan it is now or never," it adds, "in ten years when the American fleet's predominance is unchallengeable and the Panama canal has been completed it will be too late."

THE BURDEN OF JAPAN.

Forbids Her Engaging in War With the United States.

London, July 8.—The present tension between the United States and Japan is exciting the keenest interest among all the European diplomats. None of them, however, believe that it will reach the stage of warfare because the heavy burden of debt Japan is carrying as a result of her failure to obtain indemnity from Russia forbids her embarking on a similar costly enterprise in the next decade. It is recognized nevertheless that the United States is incurring the enmity of Japan as one of her national assets, which may prove a handicap in the event of trouble with any other power.

Great Britain finds herself in an embarrassing position also because she is obliged to stand between her colonies and the matter of anti-Japanese laws. Transvaal has just put into operation a law regulating the entry of Asiatics, which applies to Indian subjects as well as to the Japanese and Chinese and which compels them to submit to an examination and registry with thumb prints, like criminals. Australia threatens legislation on the same lines.

He Could Count. A very little boy was in the room where a young lady was practicing on the piano. She was counting aloud, "One, two, three, four." The little fellow, quite surprised, after awhile went to her and said earnestly, "Ee next is five!"—Youth's Companion.

Fish or Folk Story. While driving to the fourth green on Newark golf course a local solicitor sent his ball into the river Devon and killed a two pound fish. Both ball and fish were found together, the latter bearing marks of its injury.—London Standard.

MACLEAN HUMILIATED.

Commander of Sultan's Bodyguard Forced to Ride a Mule.

Tangier, July 6.—The British legation here has no news of Caid General MacLean, the commander of the sultan's bodyguard, and is making representations direct to the authorities at Fez. When General MacLean was captured Raisul ordered him to dismount from his horse and mount a mule in order to show his inferior station and also directed him to remove his turban, declaring that such a headdress was reserved for Moslems.

CHURCH BASE BALL LEAGUE

Games on McKay Grounds at 7 p. m.

	Played	Won	Lost	Pct
Catholics	2	2	0	1000
First Cong.	3	3	0	1000
People's	3	2	1	667
Y. M. C. A. 1st	3	1	2	333
Y. M. C. A. 2d	3	0	3	000
Pres.	2	0	2	000

The game Saturday night between the Congregational team and that of the second Y. team was well contested from start to finish, and though both sides indulged in ragged playing there was considerable fast work and the game was interesting from start to finish. Ousdahl was in the box for the Congregationalists while Cromwell was slab artist for the association aggregation.

The following was the score by innings:

Congregational—1 0 3 5 0—9

Second Y—0 0 1 3 3—7

The following was the lineup:

Cong.	Parker	Sec. Y
Ousdahl	p	Olson
E. Paine	ss	Cromwell
Alderman	1b	Barron
Anderson	2b	Anderson
Olson	3b	Osterlund
Bennett	1f	Lind
Wilson	cf	Lindquist
Clouston	rf	H. Paine

The Catholics and the 2nd Y. team will meet tonight in a hotly contested game.

There will be a meeting of the board of managers tonight to 8-30 to consider matters of importance. By order of the president.

TORNADO IN NEBRASKA.

Injures Three Persons and Causes Heavy Property Loss.

Long Pine, Neb., July 8.—Long Pine was visited by tornado and heavy damage was done. With but few exceptions all the fronts of store buildings were blown in. The Methodist church was demolished, the roof of the Northwestern roundhouse was blown off and a livery barn was demolished.

Three persons were hurt, one seriously. Thomas Wright was badly cut by flying glass. Telephone lines are down, the station was blown over and the city jail demolished. The wind was followed up by a terrific hailstorm. Heavy damage is reported to the crops.

CAR JUMPS THE TRACK.

Two Persons Killed and Ten Others Injured.

Clarksburg, W. Va., July 8.—A crowded trolley car on the Fairmont and Clarksburg traction line jumped the track on the Grassel division just outside the city limits and crashed over an embankment, instantly killing two, fatally injuring one and seriously injuring nine others. The dead are:

Miss Grace Marker of Clarksburg and W. T. Gray, engineer, Washington Carbon works, Clarksburg.

STREET CAR ACCIDENT.

Results in Death of One Boy and Injury of Three Others.

Schenectady, N. Y., July 8.—One boy was killed, another was fatally hurt and two others were seriously injured as the result of a street car accident. The victims were members of a baseball team which played here.

The dead boy is Andrew Dulcetwitski of Amsterdam and the fatally injured boy is Charles Smith of Amsterdam.

The Thorn on the Rose.

In the old Bundeesh of Zoroaster we are told that the rose grew fair and thornless until the entrance into the world of Ahriman, the evil one. According to this ancient narrative, the spirit of evil became universal, and not only man suffered thereby, but inferior animals as well as trees and plants.—Circle.

DR. JOS. NICHOLSON.

O'Brien Block

712 Lare. Tel 7-13

Open day and night

Are You one of Those

Who think that Fly Paper is an absolute Necessity in the Home.

D. M. CLARK & CO.

SUCCESS IN FISHING!

Depends on the

Base Ball Goods for Men and Boys.

For a short time we will make special prices on pipes.

M. K. SWARTZ,

Phone 86. 6th Street Druggist.

TRUNK SALE!

\$ 6.00 Trunks for \$2.00

EVERYBODY WORKS EVEN FATHER

A Popular Movement is on to
Rid the Several Wards
of Weeds

TO WORK BY COMMITTEES

A Large Committee is Appointed
on Each Street to Push
The Work

CUT THE WEEDS BEFORE THEY GO TO
SEED AND KEEP THE GRASS CLIPPED
—BEAUTIFY YOUR STREET.

A meeting of the officers of the Civic League was held Saturday afternoon for the purpose of making some substantial start in the way of effecting an organization in the various wards so that they may do more systematic work, have more of our beauty loving people interested, and in the future accomplish greater results than in the past. It was decided to make this start in the Second Ward, and it is hoped that the vice presidents of the other wards will at once signify their desire to effect similar organizations. The officers will gladly respond at once in any possible assistance in the way of organization. The plan adopted in the Second Ward was by the appointment of a committee on each street, both north and south and east and west, who are earnestly requested to respond to this appointment, cheerfully, quickly and effectively, in seeing that all the weeds on the street for which they are appointed, are thoroughly cut and killed out before going to seed this year. That the grass on each street is mowed and everything done that is possible to make every street beautiful, a pride to each citizen, each ward and the whole city of Brainerd. This can only be accomplished by the various committees appointed at the meeting at once and taking immediate action. The officers appeal to all citizens to take a personal interest in this matter. Let your CIVIC BEAUTY pride shine forth with a brilliancy that will enthuse and encourage your neighbors, and in fact, every resident of your ward to thoroughly assist the committee in doing its work effectively and promptly and it is certain that if the committees do their part promptly and thoroughly, greater success will be achieved for increased beauty that can now be even anticipated. The committees appointed for the several wards are as follows:

Main Street—Geo. Grewcox, Mrs. Ella A. Eastman, E. J. Slipp, I. U. White, O. P. Erickson.

Kingwood—M. E. Ryan, Mrs. N. H. Ingessoll, J. C. Davis, G. W. Ames, Geo. A. Keene, C. A. Ruffee.

Juniper—J. T. Sanborn, J. K. Pearce, H. W. Linnemann, Rev. J. J. O'Mahoney, J. W. Koop.

Ivy—S. R. Adair, John Lowey, Wm. Holtz, Sister Sup. St. Joseph's Hospital, D. M. Clark.

Holly—E. O. Webb, J. A. Thabes, M. McCadden, T. E. Nitterauer, H. H. Hitch, J. M. Glunt.

Grove—M. J. Reilly, S. H. Parker, C. Bruhn, D. Mahoney, R. K. Whitley.

Fir—Wm. Nelson, J. W. Bush, Leon Rifenrath, C. B. Fisher, Fred Dubois, J. H. Burgoyne, L. W. Thabes.

Bluff Ave. North—F. A. Farrar, Mrs. A. V. Snyder, M. K. Swartz, W. H. Gemmill, Wm. Bartsch.

Bluff Ave. West—J. M. Elder, Chas. Hughes, C. F. McCarthy, Jas. Buley.

Second St.—W. H. Cleary, W. D. McKay, Nelson Ward, Chas. Rennes.

Third St.—C. M. Patek, R. A. Beise, Wm. Wood, C. E. Cole, Alden Fuller.

Fourth St.—W. A. M. Johnston, John Cochran, W. Hemstead, Mrs. F. W. Wieland, F. S. Parker, E. H. Simmons.

Fifth St.—A. T. Larson, I. T. Dean.

W. H. Mantor, C. D. Johnson, A. L. Hoffman, H. F. Michael.

Sixth St.—W. H. Strachan, Rev. C. F. Davis, James Cullen, W. H. Mann, A. Everett, H. A. Carmichael.

Seventh St.—H. I. Cohen, G. D. LaBar, W. Graham, Geo. H. Brown, Mrs. W. A. Fleming, A. G. Trommald.

Eighth St.—Mrs. Bertha Theviot, A. J. Halsted, G. W. Mosier, Walter Davis, A. T. Fisher, H. J. Spencer, Wm. Mahood, W. H. Onstine, C. L. Burnett.

Ninth St.—Mrs. C. D. McKay, J. P. Anderson, R. J. Hartley, W. R. Heron, Joseph Kiebler, T. J. Tyler, Joe Weitzel.

Tenth St.—Mrs. W. Entriken, R. A. Henning, W. H. Meekins, W. W. Latta, R. D. King, Thos. Templeton.

Bluff Ave. East—L. S. McPherson, Edward Strehlau, Anton Buscher.

The Fourth at Midland

The Fourth of July festivities at Midland attracted large crowd from Brainerd, Midland, Esdon, Neutral, Flak, Cove, etc., who thoroughly enjoyed themselves. Several heavy three seated touring cars made the run up from Minneapolis. The celebration was in charge of the Modern Woodmen and Royal Neighbors and was a success socially and financially.

At ten in the morning the "Emerald Isle" with Capt. Grady in charge hove in sight at Midland. As the water is shallow he anchored some distance from shore. His 40 passengers were all more or less sea-sick from their 30 mile trip from Cove and surrounding towns, and solid land looked good to them. A small boat with three ladies and three men was launched, but the "Emerald Isle" swung around and splashed some water into the boat and a heavy breaker quickly swamped the half filled boat. The ladies, Mrs. Olsen and Miss Bowers, of Cove, and Miss Kennedy, of St. Paul, were nearly drowned in the rolling surf and after hard work on the part of the men were rescued. Their experience was not relished by them. As one of them stated, it was bad enough to be sea-sick but to be half drowned too, nearly killed her. One of the boys on shore thought his girl was in the water and rushed to the rescue, but before jumping into the water he ran to the Midland hotel and with great presence of mind exchanged his thin summer suit for a pair of blue overalls, as some of the summer goods are liable to shrink. Fortunately his girl was not in the fresh water deep.

In the afternoon the Rev. Charles Fox, Davis of Brainerd, delivered an eloquent oration, which was heartily applauded. Then came an exciting game of base ball between Cove and Midland and the versatile Rev. Davis participated as umpire. He came through the ordeal unscratched. The battery for Midland was Neil J. Avery and Joe Workman, while Cove had two crackercrack Indians. The score was 5 to 2, in favor of Midland. A large delegation of handsome girls from Cove rooted for Cove and did the best they could to win the game. A funny incident occurred in the latter half of the game when Cove got excited and had one ball in the hands of its first baseman and another one pitched simultaneously to a batter by their pitcher. This little error on their part knocked out one of their double plays.

In the girls race Miss Irene Wunderlich, of Neutral, was first and Miss Braford second. In the boys race the winner ran so fast that your correspondent only got half of his name, which was Cecil. Second money went to Lyle Archer. Dancing in the afternoon and evening was enjoyed by all, the music being furnished by the Hoffbauers of Brainerd.

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Ransford Hair Tonic

Will relieve that itching scalp—ask

Dunn, The Druggist.

Around The Hotels

Henry Peters, formerly day bell boy at the Ransford, has succeeded night clerk Haight, who resigned. Harry has been with the Ransford for the past two years and has been faithful to his lesser duties and will doubtless make good as clerk. T. Wellington Beare will act as day bell boy.

At the Ransford—Walter Mack, Princeton, Minn.; E. M. Christian, G. L. Christian, Brown's Valley, Minn.; S. W. Hanchett, Barrows, Sask., M. W. L. Barclay, St. Paul; J. B. Bemis, St. Paul; V. M. Singrum, Duluth; Mrs. E. M. Wilson, Mandan; A. B. Kilbourne, Pembina, N. D.

At the City—Mrs. F. Williams, Mandan, N. D.; J. E. Kenney, Bancroft, Ia.; G. W. Johnson, St. Cloud; Chas. W. Cohen, Chicago; Henry W. Mors, Wilmar; Lieut. O. H. Dockery, U. S. A., Duluth; E. E. Bernard, Smiley; R. E. McFarlane, Duluth; Chas. Allbright, R. Musgrave, Duluth; M. H. Holte, St. Cloud; Dock Billings, Backus; W. H. Powers, Little Falls; Scott Smith, Ray, N. D.

At the Antlers—C. R. Schultz, Buffalo, N. Y.; C. E. Gardner, Little Falls; John W. Johnson, Kimberly; John Bowers, Little Falls; W. Hanley, Chicago; W. E. and Mrs. Barker, Mandato; J. F. Houston, Daniel Anderson, Aitkin; John S. Anderson, Superior; John Dint, Little Falls; Miles Akstedt, Superior; G. Harris, W. E. McIntire, Glendive, Mont.

At the Earl—J. B. Dickinson, Little Falls; Ole Olson, Hibbing; J. B. Johnson, Deerwood.

At the National—Geo. Martin, Little Falls; Axel Holm, Big Falls; G. G. Chamberlain, Duluth; Chas. Gruber, Tacoma; Emmett Voss, Candle, Alaska.

At the Windsor—L. E. Garrison, Esdon; R. M. Roberts, Deerwood; Geo. Lambert, Emily; Herman Smith Neutral; John Stees, Emily; Gus Wacholz, Platt Lake; Sidney Bernard, Garrison; P. S. Taylor, Long Lake; R. H. Olson, Bemidji; Ernest Persson, Dykeman.

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The Benedictine sisters will close the Catholic school which they have been conducting here and returned to St. Joseph's. The institution is not well enough patronized to warrant its continuance.

Harry Patterson informs us that there will be a strong effort made to have a fall term of school in the Deerwood district. Heretofore there has been but three months school in the year there.

J. M. Gray is moving the long building that stood back of the Last Turn saloon up even with the sidewalk and will fit up a first class bowling alley in it.

Harry Craig is back from his trip east.

Peter Bisiar, who has had trouble with his eyes for a number of years has gone to a St. Cloud hospital for treatment.

S. H. Reif has prepared plans for the system of sewers and was presented to the committee Tuesday evening. The main sewer runs from the high school building on Eighth street to Laurel street and from thence to the river, with a branch up Sixth street as far as the old school building.

A party composed of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. White and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. White and son, Mrs. F. W. Wieland and son, Miss Maud Gleason, Miss Kate White, Mrs. Bither and Wm. Spencer started for I. U. White's summer resort on Gull lake early this morning, the occasion being the anniversary of Miss Kate White's birthday. F. W. Wieland and Frank White will go out this evening.

The board of education held a meeting last evening to close up the business of the year. The following teachers have been engaged: Misses Lorane Youker, Florence Foster, Lillie Klampen, Irma Camp, Laura Walker, Rose Fasching, and Minnie Merritt and Mrs. I. H. Davenport. Miss Cooley was engaged as principal of the East Brainerd school and Miss Katie Whately as teacher in the West Brainerd schools.

MARRIED

HART-COENEN—At the Catholic church, on Tuesday morning, July 5th, by Rev. Father Watry, Ramey Hart and Lizzie Coenen, both of Long Lake.

MOFFATT-RAYMOND—At the Baptist parsonage July 1st, by Rev. E. J. Bronson, Jacob C. Moffatt to Mary L. Raymond, all of Crow Wing.

LANCASTER-TOBIN—At the M. E. parsonage by Rev. S. White, on July 6th, A. R. Lancaster, of Cass county and Lizzie Tobin, of this city.

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Card of Thanks

We desire to extend our sincere

thanks to our friends and neighbors for their kindness and sympathy during our recent affliction especially do we wish to thank the Northern Pacific shop men and others for their many

beautiful floral offerings. We shall ever

hold them all in grateful remembrance.

MR. AND MRS. JAMES WILLIS.

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HONORED BY THE KAISER.

St. Paul, July 8.—Honors among the

highest which are conferred upon a

German no matter what his station in

life have been bestowed by Emperor

William upon Dr. Justus Ohage, Otto

Bremer and Ferdinand Willus of St.

Paul. Dr. Ohage receives the Order

of the Red Eagle, one of the highest

honors in the gift of the emperor. Mr.

Bremer and Mr. Willus received the

Order of the Crown, also a great distinc-

tion. The men are all prominent

German-Americans of this city.

BRAINERD TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Items of Interest Gleaned From The Dispatch Files of Twenty Years Ago

Brainerd celebrated the Fourth in fine style.

Brainerd's sewer system will be pushed ahead rapidly. The new sewers are to be built in the center of the street to give both sides an equal show.

With the streets torn up for putting in the sewers and laying the horse car tracks Brainerd will look quite citified for a few weeks.

The council acted in a very generous manner toward the fire department by giving them \$300 to celebrate their annual with on the 23rd instant.

Si Hall has a new girl at his house. John Hughes has opened the Marshall house to the public.

Blueberries, hot weather and new potatoes are upon us again.

Fred Lusso had his jaw bone fractured by a fractious broncho on Wednesday.

Chas. Peterson has commenced work on a stone wall around the court house grounds.

Postmaster Koop has started a candy and cigar store in the front of the postoffice room.

It is reported on reliable authority that 3,000 men will be at work on the Brainerd and Northwestern railroad in six weeks. Those six weeks cannot come around any too soon.

Miss Jessie Kindred celebrated her eleventh birthday Wednesday afternoon by entertaining a number of her young friends at the Kindred residence on Sixth street.

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HONORED BY THE KAISER.

St. Paul, July 8.—Honors among the

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WAR ON TRAMPS BY RAILWAY CHIEFS

Charity Forces to Be Aided In Solving Vagrancy Problem.

WORK THE CHIEF REMEDY.

National Commission to Take Up the Whole Question and to Seek Preventive Measures—How Hoboes Defend Their Right to Rest.

James J. Hill, E. H. Harriman, James McCrea and other railroad chiefs have decided to engage in a hunt for tramps, according to a Minneapolis special dispatch to the New York Times. They intend to make life miserable for the wayfarer. They plan to chase these men from their rights of way. They will help charitable persons to wash them, shave them and make them go to work.

The decision of the railroads was announced at the national conference of charities and correction held recently at Minneapolis. Orlando F. Lewis of New York addressed a special session which had been called to discuss the vagrancy problem. He declared it was the most important problem facing the charity workers of the United States today. He read letters from Messrs. Hill, McCrea and Harriman, Presidents Delano of the Wabash and Murray of the Baltimore and Ohio and many other railroad chiefs. They agreed that the vagrancy problem was one which must be met at once and offered to co-operate with the charity workers in any movement they might set in motion.

In his letter Mr. Hill declared that hundreds of idle men infest the empty cars of the Great Northern during the summer months, set them on fire, pilfer and steal.

"Tramps," he said, "attempt to secrete themselves on every train at any risk. A considerable number of these are killed or injured each year. They get on or off trains while in motion, and some suffer in life or limb. Others fall off the trains while asleep. It would be difficult to gather reliable statistics on this point, because the large percentage of the tramps reported as killed on the railroads are really murdered. Men returning from the harvest fields with their wages are killed for their money by their more vicious and criminal fellows, the bodies are flung from the train while in motion, and the reported deaths by railroad casualty are actually cases of homicide."

President Hill concluded his letter by offering to co-operate with the charity workers in any crusade they may begin to drive tramps to work.

A national commission of vagrancy is to be formed by the conference, and its membership is to be made up of railroad men and charity workers chosen from the different sections of the United States. This committee will attempt to drive the tramp to the bathhouse, to the barber shop and to the work bench.

Mr. Lewis declared that the cost of the tramps to the railroads annually is \$2,500,000. He said that in the last year tramps have been responsible for railroad wrecks, the burning of stations, great loss of life and numberless fires in cars. He declared that the tramps tampered with switches, interfered with signals and even killed railroad employees.

The commission will work for the enforcement of existing vagrancy laws, the establishment of sanitary lodging houses, and the enforcement of railroad trespass laws. Literature also will be distributed urging housewives to refuse to distribute alms at the kitchen door.

In an address Mr. Lewis said: "Preventive measures must be based on two principles; first, that the able-bodied vagrant must work for what he receives, and second, that the punishment for intentional vagrancy must be so severe and so conspicuous as to act as a strong deterrent. Vagrancy laws should be enforced if adequate, amended if inadequate."

"Vagrants can be divided into the employable and the unemployable. The employable are in two groups, accidental vagrants and habitual vagrants. Work should be available for the able-bodied accidental vagrant; habitual vagrants, those idle by intention need extended punitive and penal treatment. The unemployable, composed of the hopelessly incapable and the incurable, should have permanent care in asylums or almshouses."

"At least one compulsory labor colony for habitual vagrants should be established in each state. Even if such treatment fails to better or to cure the vagrant it will have rendered him harmless for a time to society and at an expense slight in comparison with what he might cost society if free, and his incarceration will act as a deterrent and warning to others."

When the tramps in the Bowery at New York learned that a conference of charity workers out in Minneapolis had decided to do away with tramps, that railroad presidents had sent letters indorsing the movement and that the conference favored the establishing of a national commission of vagrancy there were gasps. "Boston," so called because of a command of language and certain vague reminiscences of Harvard, was one of the first to get the news.

"So they want to drive us to work, eh?" he commented in the retreat in Houston street known as the Greenhouse. "They want to have labor colonies in every state? Now, that is

nothing more than the effort of a few captains of industry to deprive the laborer of the right to be idle and to travel over the country when and how he pleases. The railroad presidents figure this way: They say they'll have to carry us anyway. They've been carrying us in the side door Pullmans free for many years. Now they say, 'We'll endorse any plan that makes those fellows work, because then they'll have to pay us when they ride.' That's all there is to the railroad president part of it.

"But the unkindest cut of all is their proposal to get out a lot of literature and circulate it among the housewives of the country, bidding them refuse to let us eat and telling them to quote the statistics of crime at us. Now, that cuts at the very basis of things. Some of my best friends on the road are these same housewives, farmers' wives for the most part. Their husbands work in the fields, assisted by gangs of laborers, while the wives, without help, have to cook for the whole crowd. Now, their lives are at best dull and full of care. Imagine how cheered and amused they are when I appear. I take off my hat and, with a low bow, say:

"Duchess, I desire to be permitted to introduce to you the Duke of Hunger."

"Why, whenever I get that one off them give me all of the burned pancakes left over from breakfast, and they are glad to do it, too, for I bring variety into their otherwise dull lives."

"Then I have another that used to work very well. I find out the name of the people who lived in such and such a house. Say it was Smith. Then I wait until the men were sure to be in the field. Then I go to the farmer's wife.

"Madam, can you tell me where Mrs. Smith lives?" I ask.

"I am Mrs. Smith," ten chances to three she will answer.

"I scratch my head and appear very much puzzled. If she doesn't feed me the right question on the strength of my business, I say solemnly:

"Strange, strange; that is very strange," at the same time keeping my eyes upon her face.

"What is strange?" she asks.

"That you are Mrs. Smith," I reply.

"What is there strange about that? she comes back with.

"Mrs. Smith," I reply, "has been described to me as a very plain woman, and you—"

"The rest of the sentence I either fill out as the occasion seems to demand or omit altogether in cases of rare intelligence. Then there was another—"

There was a movement among the other occupants of the room.

"Aw, cut it out!" said Red Jack.

Boston smiled.

"You see they are professionally jealous of me," he said.

Keeping an eye on Red, he continued:

"But the real point of the whole thing that I am getting at is just this: Is the farmer's wife to be deprived of the little real enjoyment that she gets out of life that a few captains of industry may make larger profits? I say that the movement to charge the hobo for his transportation would work incalculable injury to the farmer's wife. Also it would work to the injury of the farmer too. Think what would happen to him if he had to eat all of the stuff that his wife gives away."

The captains of industry and the workers in statistical charity would take all of the poetry out of life. They would deny such of us human beings as are not commercial the clear morning on the road, the night in the haystack and the jolt of the side door Pullman. They'd capitalize the song of the thrush if they could."

"It's a shame," agreed the others, but they were not sufficiently aroused to cross over to Abingdon square to meet James E. How, field agent of the hobo brotherhood of Chicago and St. Louis, who is in the city to establish a branch.

Old Time Fourth For Sag Harbor.

The town of Sag Harbor, N. Y., has demanded a return to the customs of the fathers. It has decided to celebrate the coming Fourth of July as it was observed a half century ago, writes James H. Kennedy, New York correspondent of the Cleveland Plain Dealer. Lawn tennis and automobile excursions are to be barred. The occasion is to revive memories and remove the dust from the patriotic landmark.

The bells are to be rung and cannon fired at daybreak. There will be a parade, led by a drum corps. The star-spangled banner will be carried by a veteran of 1861. The people are to assemble in a grove, where the Declaration of Independence and Washington's farewell address are to be read. An old fashioned orator has been engaged to deliver an old fashioned patriotic address, one in which the eagle will scream and the father of America honored.

Curious Tombstone.

A tombstone to be erected in a Bath (England) cemetery to the memory of an engine driver who was an ardent geologist is to be composed of the fossils he collected in his rambles.

Days of the Lesser Things.

These are the days of lesser things. We drive a horseless cart, and every blessed critic sings Of artlessness in art.

We've got our wireless telegraphs, And thornless cactus trees; Our jokes are pointless paragraphs Which no one feels or sees.

We've lovedless weddings, sad to say; The spoonless lover spoons, And goes off on his wedding day To honeyless honeymoons.

And now we've reached the topmost rung.

The worst of all the string; Fair nature's self has gone and sprung On us a springless spring!

—Carlyle Smith in New York Times.

TO PROVE ITS WORTH

Atlantic Battleship Fleet Will Make a Demonstration.

NO TIME LIKE THE PRESENT

Warships Will Go to the Pacific and Then Return to the Atlantic Ocean. Hitch Over Renewal of Treaty With Japan.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 8.—The significance of Rear Admiral Brownson's addition to the somewhat meager information that has come from President Roosevelt regarding the contemplated two-ocean maneuver of the Atlantic battleship fleet is regarded here as having been overlooked in the comment, expert and otherwise, that has since been indulged in on both continents. Admiral Brownson came to Oyster Bay Friday to take lunch with the president, professing entire ignorance of the maneuver plans.

When he left Sagamore Hill to take the train for Washington, the admiral had one thought which he wished emphasized—that it was de-

sirable and important to demonstrate to the world how quickly the American navy could transfer its fighting strength from one ocean to the other.

This was distinctly an addition to the president's previous statement issued through Secretary Loeb, wherein the object of the maneuver was

said to be an exercise movement for the benefit of the navy, to perfect its

training in fleet exercise on an ex-

tended scale, the purpose and effect

of the plan being for the benefit of

the navy alone.

What came from President Roose-

velt through Admiral Brownson is de-

cidedly a different and much broader

design. President Roosevelt has been

consistent in advocating a large navy

as the surest guarantee of peace be-

tween the United States and all for-

eign powers. Heretofore a large

navy has been reckoned solely from

the point of view of the number of

ships, their tonnage, armor, guns and

fighting capacity. With this idea the

American navy has grown steadily

ship by ship.

Somewhat Startling Demonstration.

To the somewhat uninteresting ar-

ray of ships and tonnage President

Roosevelt now proposes to give the

world a somewhat startling demon-

stration of what the American navy is

capable of doing to protect either

or both of the extended shores of the

United States. As Admiral Brown-

son said "there is no time like the

present for such a demonstration"—

a time when the United States is a

perfect peace with every nation.

In everything that has come from

the president regarding the move-

ment it has been indicated that the

fleet wherever it may go is to be

brought back to the Atlantic and the

return is to be as great a demonstra-

tion of speed as the outward journey.

While it is asserted with all possi-

ble emphasis that there is no founda-

tion for apprehension of trouble, imme-

diate or future between the United

States and Japan, the proposed

demonstration with the fleet can be

looked upon in no other light than

that President Roosevelt intends to

use the American navy for exactly

that purpose for which he has advo-

cated its augmentation, a guarantee

of international peace. It was stated

here that Ambassador O'Brien, who

has been invited to Sagamore Hill the

atter part of the present week, will

not be able to confer with the presi-

dent before going to his new post in

Tokio. The ambassador finds it neces-

sary to devote some time to his per-

sonal affairs in Michigan and will not

find it convenient to return to the

East before departing by the way of

San Francisco for Japan.

It was remarked that there was no

occasion for a conference between the

president and Ambassador O'Brien

other than the formality of official et-

quette.

HITCH OVER TREATY.

Japan Will Not Consent to Renewal of Existing Convention.

Washington, July 8.—That the Japanese government will not consent to the renewal of the present treaty with the United States if this government reserves the right to insert a clause in the compact excluding Japanese coolie laborers from Continental United States is indicated by semi-official advices purporting to give the views of Foreign Minister Hayashi, which were received here from Otoki Yamaoka, the personal representative of Count Okuma, leader of the Progressive party.

Mr. Yamaoka, who left Seattle in April to confer with the leaders of the Progressive party in Japan, after an alliance between the Japanese of the Pacific coast and the Progressive party had been perfected for the purpose of bringing about the overthrow of the Sanjouri ministry and the annualment of the exclusion clause in the immigration bill, is authority for the statement that Foreign Minister Hayashi has received from Secretary of State Root a preliminary "note" regarding the new treaty that the two governments propose to substitute for the convention that expires July 17, 1911.

The draft of the new treaty submitted by Secretary Root, according to the communication from Mr. Yamaoka, called for the renewal of Article 2, Clause 4, of the present treaty, which gives to each nation the right to regulate immigration.

And now we've reached the topmost

run.

The worst of all the string;

Fair nature's self has gone and sprung

On us a springless spring!

—Carlyle Smith in New York Times.

STANDARD OIL OFFICIALS.

Will Hold a Conference With Their Attorneys.

Chicago, July